

I PICTURE 1 - 5 について、正しく説明している文をそれぞれ A - C から選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。



PICTURE 1

1. A. The crowd is walking under a highway.  
B. People are walking across a bridge.  
C. Many people are crossing a street.



PICTURE 3

3. A. They are standing at the top of a building.  
B. They are standing in a grassy field.  
C. They are standing on the crowded street.



PICTURE 2

2. A. The child is sitting at the table.  
B. The man is taking care of the child.  
C. The woman is looking into her cup.



PICTURE 4

4. A. People are taking dance lessons in an outdoor stadium.  
B. None of them are wearing T-shirts.  
C. A group of people are practicing dancing.



PICTURE 5

5. A. A man and a child are walking toward the sea.  
 B. The two people are standing facing each other.  
 C. There are many people swimming in the sea.

II 次の6 - 10 はひと続きの会話です。6 - 10の空所を埋めるのに最も適切なものをそれぞれA - Cから選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。

(Questions 6 - 10 are one conversation between two classmates.)

6. Lisa: Hi, Kyoko! \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Do you have a minute?  
 B. Where are you going?  
 C. Did you have a nice weekend?  
 Kyoko: Yeah, I went shopping with my parents. How was your weekend?  
 Lisa: That's nice. I went shopping, too!
7. Kyoko: Oh, really? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. What did you buy?  
 B. How many snowboards do you have?  
 C. I heard Hokkaido is really cold in the winter.
8. Lisa: I bought my first snowboard. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. I want you to visit me in Hokkaido.  
 B. I'm planning to go to Hokkaido this winter.  
 C. I went to Hokkaido last winter.
9. Kyoko: That's wonderful! I've never been to Hokkaido. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Is there anything interesting to do up there?  
 B. Can I visit you in Hokkaido?  
 C. Have you ever been there before?  
 Lisa: No, it will be my first time. I'm so excited!

10. Kyoko: I'm happy for you, too. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. I hope you have a great time there!  
 B. You must be very busy now!  
 C. I'm so glad you are inviting me!  
 Lisa: Thank you! I'll be sure to get you a souvenir.

III 次の11 - 30について、空所を埋めるのに最も適切な語句をそれぞれA - Dから選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。

11. X: What is the ( ) of your visit to Osaka?  
 Y: Well, we want to visit Osaka Castle and *Bunraku* Theater.  
 A. advice B. answer C. adventure D. purpose
12. X: I've heard that you play the guitar very well. Since I will sing, could you play the ( ) for me?  
 Y: OK, sure.  
 A. machine B. instrument C. band D. noise
13. Lucy has bought a new dress but she hasn't ( ) it yet.  
 A. borrowed B. called C. worn D. tied
14. X: This drink is so delicious. What is it ( ) of?  
 Y: It's a mixture of banana, honey, and milk.  
 A. cooked B. achieved C. made D. mixed
15. X: Who broke the window?  
 Y: I asked the kids soccer team, but none of the boys ( ) to breaking the window.  
 A. admitted B. destroyed C. solved D. received
16. I had been worrying about the English exam for weeks, so I felt ( ) when it was finally over.  
 A. finished B. fallen C. relieved D. limited
17. It is the first time ( ) he hosts a welcome party for overseas students.  
 A. when B. because C. that D. since
18. My parents and sister were ( ) the audience.  
 A. only B. if C. by D. among
19. What do you ( ) we eat out tonight?  
 A. say B. see C. do D. like
20. My husband walks so fast that I cannot ( ) up with him.  
 A. put B. keep C. get D. take
21. How are you getting ( ) with your colleagues in your new workplace?  
 A. out B. at C. along D. ahead

22. My three-year-old son won't go to sleep ( ) I read him a story.  
A. unless B. if C. as far as D. whether
23. I cannot wait. I am looking forward to ( ) you again.  
A. see B. seen C. have seen D. seeing
24. This escalator is out of ( ), so please use the stairs.  
A. order B. season C. place D. time
25. Please remind me ( ) bring the documents to the meeting.  
A. of B. on C. in D. to
26. Air consists mainly ( ) nitrogen, oxygen, and carbon dioxide.  
A. in B. of C. for D. between
27. It will be hot, so you should ( ) enough water.  
A. dry B. take C. watch D. know
28. I am suffering ( ) a headache.  
A. from B. in C. to D. on
29. No ( ) what you say, I have decided to go to the United States.  
A. matters B. matter C. mattered D. mattering
30. How ( ) you were late yesterday?  
A. go B. come C. have D. take

IV 次の英文を読んで、空所 31 - 40 を埋めるのに最も適切な語句をそれぞれ A - C から選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。

More and More Children with Food Allergies<sup>1</sup>

The rate of food allergies around the world is increasing. The rise in food allergies has affected western countries the most. Especially children are at risk. In some cases, allergies can lead to ( 31 ) and even life-threatening situations. More and more families must ( 32 ) their diets in order to fight allergies. Children can be allergic to various types of food, above all, milk and dairy products, nuts, and fish.

Allergens are caused by allergens<sup>2</sup>, which are basically harmless substances that the immune system<sup>3</sup> tries to fight. ( 33 ) suffer from a variety of symptoms including redness of the skin, vomiting<sup>4</sup>, diarrhea<sup>5</sup> and breathing ( 34 ).

In the United States 8% of children have some form of allergy. In Australia, 5% of all children are affected. The UK has seen a 500% increase in peanut allergies alone in the past 20 years. While industrialized countries are hardest hit, allergy rates in ( 35 ) are lower. Cities are affected more than rural areas.

Scientists have been trying to find out ( 36 ) we are becoming more allergic to food. One reason may be improved hygiene<sup>6</sup>, which leads to children having ( 37 ) infections<sup>7</sup>. Another cause may be the ( 38 ) of vitamin D which helps our immune system fight allergies.

At the moment a food allergy cannot be cured. ( 39 ), it is very difficult to determine which food children are allergic to. Doctors recommend eating ( 40 ) amounts of possibly allergic food and observe how the body reacts.

(Adapted from: <https://www.english-online.at/news-articles/health-medicine/more-children-with-food-allergies.htm>)

注1 food allergies 食物アレルギー

2 allergens アレルゲン、アレルギー反応の原因となる物質

3 immune system 免疫システム 4 vomiting 嘔吐

5 diarrhea 下痢 6 hygiene 衛生状態

7 infections 感染

31. A. normal B. dangerous C. safe  
32. A. change B. keep C. continue  
33. A. Researchers B. Doctors C. Victims  
34. A. purposes B. difficulties C. controls  
35. A. developed B. cities C. developing countries  
36. A. why B. which C. how  
37. A. more B. fewer C. at least  
38. A. lack B. service C. lot  
39. A. At first B. Rather C. In addition  
40. A. small B. large C. vast